Central topic of interest of the meeting was added „used in the life – passed on in death. Personal things of the everyday life, the costume and the grave equipment - its production and use in the experiment“.

**Evening event at Thursday 20th October 2005:**

**Welcome**
*Bruno Hosp, President of the Südtiroler museums*

**Welcome**
*Mamoun Fansa, exar-president*

**The Südtiroler Archaeology museum and the Ice-man**
*Insight and outlook.*
*Angelika Fleckinger, Director of the Südtiroler Archaeology museum*

**Conference program at Friday 21th October 2005:**

**Welcome**
*Mamoun Fansa*

**Roe-deer objects: Decoration, Trophy and status symbol.**
*Experimental reconstruction of the processing and wearing on the basis of stone age grave inventories*
*Ute Knötig*

**From head to foot - well protected and footwear in the stone age**
*Anne Reichert*

**Wheel pins as indication for prehistoric standards**
*Elisabeth Pühringer*

**A hairy affair - reconstruction attempts on the basis of Hallstatt finds of needles in the head area**
*Karina Grömer und Katrin Kania*

**Well dressed. The renewed clothing of a German prince**
*Rosemarie Leineweber*

**On the second view. Reconstruction attempts to the clothes of a Merovingian woman**
*Katrin Kania und Hans Losert*

After the lecture program the third exar meeting of the members was held.
Conference program at Saturday 22nd October 2005:

The process of the felting wool - experiments in the Netherlands in the year 2004
Roeland Paardekooper

Prehistorical building of wells, aspects for everyday water supply
Matthias Lindemann

Which way does the experimental archaeology take?
Renato Fasolo

Woman clothing of the late Hallstatt culture: Native tradition or Mediterranean lifestyle?
Sylvia Crumbach

In the early evening a guidance took place in the Südtiroler Archaeology museum with afterwards a receipt on invitation of Bruno Hosp.

Excursion at Sunday 23rd October 2005:

The first excursion was Schluderns, where the settlement „Ganglegg“, occupied in the bronze age, iron age and Roman period, and afterwards the Vintschger museum was visited. The second goal was the ArcheoParc Schnals, which presents with its museum and the open area the habitat of „Ötzi“.